

Factoring

- 1) Set the problem equal to **ZERO**
- 2) Factor
- 3) **SOLVE**

EX: $2x^2 - 16x = -30$

$$2x^2 - 16x + 30 = 0$$

$$2(x^2 - 8x + 15) = 0$$

$$2(x-3)(x-5) = 0$$

$$x-3=0 \quad x-5=0$$

$$x = 3, 5$$

-24

$$6x^2 - 5x - 4 = 0$$

$$(6x^2 - 8x) + (3x - 4) = 0$$

$$2x(3x - 4) + 1(3x - 4) = 0$$

$$(2x + 1)(3x - 4) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{3}$$

Quadratic Formula

- 1) Set the problem equal to **ZERO**
- 2) Plug #'s (a, b, c) into **Quadratic formula**
- 3) Simplify & write answer

EX: $2x^2 - 10x = -4$

$$2x^2 - 10x + 4 = 0$$

$$10 \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(2)(4)}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{68}}{2(2)}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{68}}{4} \rightarrow \sqrt{17}$$

Solving Quadratics

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm 2\sqrt{17}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

Square Roots

- 1) Get x^2 by itself
- 2) Take the sq. rt of each side
- 3) \pm in the answer

EX: $5x^2 - 10 = 170$

$$\frac{5x^2}{5} = \frac{180}{5}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{36}$$

$$x = \pm 6$$

Completing the

- 1) Move constants to the right side of =
- 2) Complete the
- 3) Factor the left / Simplify the right
- 4) Take the of both sides
- 5) **SOLVE** for x

EX: $x^2 + 6x + 1 = 92$

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 92 + 9$$

$$\sqrt{(x+3)^2} = \sqrt{100}$$

$$x+3 = \pm 10$$

$$x = -3 \pm 10$$

$$x = 7, -13$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2$$

Unit 3B Test Review

Date _____

Period _____

Factor the common factor out of each expression.

1) $5r^4 - 50r^3 - 50r^2$

$$5r^2(r^2 - 10r - 10)$$

2) $-28b^6 - 20b^4 - 16b^3$

$$-4b^3(7b^3 + 5b + 4)$$

Solve each equation by factoring.

3) $r^2 + 2r - 3 = 0$

$$(r+3)(r-1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{r = -3, 1}$$

4) $n^2 + 4n = 0$

$$n(n+4) = 0$$

$$\boxed{n = -4, 0}$$

5) $x^2 + 4x - 26 = -5$

$$x^2 + 4x - 21 = 0$$

$$(x+7)(x-3) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = -7, 3}$$

6) $r^2 - 3r = -2$

$$r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0$$

$$(r-2)(r-1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{r = 1, 2}$$

7) $7a^2 + 22a + 3 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{1} \quad \underline{x} \quad \underline{21} = 21 \\ - \quad + \quad - = -22 \end{array}$$

$$7(a^2 + 21a)(a+3) = 0$$

$$7a(a+3)(a+3) = 0$$

$$(7a+1)(a+3) = 0$$

$$\boxed{a = -\frac{1}{7}, -3}$$

Solve each equation by taking square roots.

9) $9v^2 = 81$

$$\sqrt{v^2} = \sqrt{9}$$

$$\boxed{v = \pm 3}$$

10) $v^2 + 1 = 101$

$$\sqrt{v^2} = \sqrt{100}$$

$$\boxed{v = \pm 10}$$

$$11) 8x^2 + 4 = 84$$

$$8x^2 = 80$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$x = \pm\sqrt{10}$$

$$12) 5n^2 + 1 = 96$$

$$5n^2 = 95$$

$$\sqrt{n^2} = \sqrt{19}$$

$$n = \pm\sqrt{19}$$

$$13) 81b^2 + 1 = 2$$

$$81b^2 = 1$$

$$\sqrt{b^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{81}}$$

$$b = \pm \frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{81}} = \pm \frac{1}{9}$$

$$14) 10b^2 - 4 = 476$$

$$10b^2 = 480$$

$$\sqrt{b^2} = \sqrt{48} \rightarrow \sqrt{16 \cdot 3}$$

$$b = \pm 4\sqrt{3}$$

Solve each equation by completing the square.

$$15) m^2 - 8m - 84 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^2 m^2 - 8m + 16 = 84 + 16$$

$$\sqrt{(m-4)^2} = \sqrt{100}$$

$$m-4 = \pm 10$$

$$m = 4 \pm 10$$

$$m = -6, 14$$

$$16) n^2 - 6n - 24 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{-6}{2}\right)^2 n^2 - 6n + 9 = 24 + 9$$

$$\sqrt{(n-3)^2} = \sqrt{33}$$

$$n-3 = \pm\sqrt{33}$$

$$n = 3 \pm\sqrt{33}$$

$$17) r^2 - 20r + 89 = -10$$

$$\left(\frac{-20}{2}\right)^2 r^2 - 20r + 100 = -99 + 100$$

$$\sqrt{(r-10)^2} = \sqrt{1}$$

$$r-10 = \pm 1$$

$$r = 10 \pm 1$$

$$r = 9, 11$$

$$18) x^2 - 8x - 87 = -7$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 16 = 80 + 16$$

$$\left(\frac{-8}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{96} \rightarrow \sqrt{16 \cdot 6}$$

$$x-4 = \pm 4\sqrt{6}$$

$$x = 4 \pm 4\sqrt{6}$$

$$19) a^2 - 20a + 59 = 8$$

$$a^2 - 20a + 100 = -51 + 100$$

$$\sqrt{(a-10)^2} = \sqrt{49}$$

$$a-10 = \pm 7$$

$$a = 10 \pm 7$$

$$a = 3, 17$$

$$20) b^2 - 4b - 53 = -4$$

$$b^2 - 4b + 4 = 49 + 4$$

$$\left(\frac{-4}{2}\right)^2 \sqrt{(b-2)^2} = \sqrt{53}$$

$$b = 2 \pm\sqrt{53}$$

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